Global status report on violence prevention 2014

Violence remains widespread

475 000

SINCE 2000
16%
decline in



homicide deaths per year

1 in 4 children has been physically abused

Hundreds of thousands

of young victims of violence receive emergency medical care each year 1 in 3
women has been a victim of physical/

physical/ sexual intimate partner violence in her lifetime

1 in 17 older people has been abused in past month

Violence has severe and life-long consequences



Injuries and disability



Noncommunicable diseases (e.g. cancer, cardiovascular diseases)



Mental health and substance use disorders (e.g. alcohol and drug dependence, depression, anxiety)



Sexual and reproductive health problems (e.g. unintended pregnancy, HIV and other sexually transmitted infections)







On average, just a third of 133 countries are implementing each of 18 'best buy' prevention programmes

51% offer life skills development to prevent youth violence

49% promote change in social and cultural norms to prevent intimate partner violence

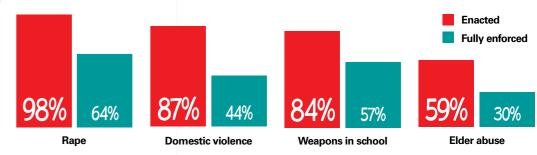
39% give support to caregivers to prevent elder abuse

38% provide education to parents to prevent child maltreatment

22% invest in dating violence prevention programmes



On average, 80% of 133 countries have enacted each of 12 laws relevant for violence prevention; however, only half of countries report that these laws are fully enforced

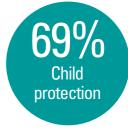


On average, each of the services to protect and support victims is in place in just over half of 133 countries





67% Medico-legal



Recommendations



Ensure that existing laws are fully enforced

that victim services are widely available and accessible



